Collaborate | Program Resource Guide



What Is Watch & Wait?

In Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL) patients, **the "watch and wait" (or "active surveillance")** period refers to an approach where no immediate treatment is given after a patient's diagnosis, and their condition is closely monitored through regular check-ups and testing.

Monitoring During Watch & Wait

When Is It Time to Treat CLL?

Patients meet with their care team often to check in on their health and to assess their symptoms. These visits can include:

- Checking the size of lymph nodes and the spleen to see if they are enlarged.
- Blood work to find out if the disease is beginning to progress.
- Assessment of symptoms (e.g., fatigue, weight loss, night sweats, infections).
- Imaging tests like a CT scan or an ultrasound.

CLL treatment typically begins if a patient develops any of the following:

- Increased lymphocyte count
- Enlarged lymph nodes or spleen
- Development of anemia or thrombocytopenia
- Significant symptoms, such as:
 - Fatique
 - Night sweats
 - o Unintentional weight loss
 - Frequent infections

Why Watch & Wait?

- CLL often progresses slowly, and treating the disease early hasn't been shown to improve outcomes in patients who are not experiencing symptoms.
- Close monitoring allows for swift intervention when treatment is necessary.
- Waiting to treat CLL avoids potential treatment side effects and complications until therapy is truly needed.
- CLL treatment is evolving rapidly. Postponing treatment until it is necessary may open up access to a broader range of future therapy options.

Collaborate CLL Resources

- What You Should Know About CLL Clinical Trials
- Which Treatment Is Right for YOUR CLL?
- How Is CLL Treated?
- Understanding YOUR CLL Diagnosis
- Tools for Accessing Quality CLL Care
- Tips, Tools and Resources for CLL Care Partners

Collaborate CLL is brought to you by the Patient Empowerment Network. It is sponsored by AbbVie, Inc. and through generous donations from people like you.

